MEMBER'S REPRESENTATION

Sri B. K. PUTTARAMAIYA.—Sir, I want to know whether I will have an opportunity to speak on this report.

Mr. SPEAKER.—There is no question of giving chances to all those who have given their names to me. I will follow the order in the list of priority. I will give chances to those persons who have given notices earlier.

Sri B. K. PUTTARAMAIYA.—I have also given notice earlier i.e. yesterday. This is not an ordinary matter and I would speak only for about five minutes. It seems you want to hear only one side. Both sides must be heard on this subject.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I shall be bound to adjourn the House if the members of his party behave like this.

DISCUSSION ON A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE, NAMELY, GOVERNMENT ORDER ON NAGAN GOWDA COMMITTEE'S FINAL REPORT.

†Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Mr. Speaker, Sir, I value the privilege of having to speak on a subject of great importance which vitally affects more than 70 to 80 per cent of the total population of this enlarged Mysore State. I must be pardoned if I make an observation that it is characteristic of this Government when, whenever they take vital decisions of a far-reaching nature, they do not even take the House into their confidence. I had occassion to make this observation more than once and this is one such instance. When the Interim Report of the Nagan Gowda Committee was presented and the Government took a decision on it, the Hon'ble the Chief Minister assured us that because this was an interim report and they had to settle the question of admissions to colleges, technical institutions and professional colleges the matter need not be discussed then and that, when the final report is received, they would take a firm decision only after consulting everybody concerned.

Sir, even after the presentation of the report of the Nagan Gowda Committee, I am afraid the Government did not stick to their assurance held out indirectly. They passed the order just 48 hours before this Hon'ble House sat in session. I do not know why there was mortal hurry, indecent haste to precipitate an order of this kind. Sir, as far back as 1918, the Government of Mysore appointed a Committee under the Chairmanship of the then Chief Judge of the Mysore Court and the order on that was in the nature of a charter for backward classes in the State. In making observations on this Report, nobody should understand that I am a communalist or I am a sectionalist. If there was provision in the Constitution relating to the directive principles of the Constitution under Clause 16 (4) for the welfare of backward classes,